





Installation, Operation & Maintenance Instruction (3 PC Body, Clamp / Butt Weld Ends, Sanitary Valve)

1. Scope: This instruction applies to 3-PC Body, Full Port Sanitary Valve, 400WOG (PN25); Clamp Ends and Butt weld Ends; KV-09C/I, KV-091/I, KV-L9C/I, KV-L91/I according to ISO 2852, and KV-09C/B, KV-091/B, KV-L9C/B, KV-L91/B according to BS 4825 & BPE. KV-L9C/I, KV-L91/I and KV-L9C/B, KV-L91/B designed according to ISO 5211 mounting pad can be fixed with actuator directly.

2. Warning (Restrictions on Use)

- a. Temperature and Pressure Limit
 - The normal maximum operating pressure at maximum or minimum operating temperature is shown on nameplate.
 - The operating temperature is within—29°C to 200°C(if shell is WCB),or —40°C to 200°C(if shell is stainless steel) for PTFE or RTFE seat and sealing. Other seat and sealing operating temperature shall be checked with KI Industries.
 - The nominal pressure (PN) rating describes maximum working pressure in cold operating temperature (e.g. PN25 describes maximum working pressure 25 bar at $-39^{\circ}\text{C} \sim 40^{\circ}\text{C}$).
- b. Fluid limited
 - Since this valve is with soft seat, it is not suitable to granules liquor fluid or solidification fluid, such as syrup.
- No throttling operation
- Don't leave the ball partly open where the pressure drop and/or flow rate damage to the valve seats and/or ball.

3. Installation

- **a.** Remove the rubber protective cover on clamp or butt welding ends, and clean or flush the valve in fully open position(steam sterilization is allowed).
- b. Prior to mounting, flush and clean the pipeline and valve to remove all accumulated extraneous maters.
- c. Installation of Clamp ends Ball Valves
 - 1) Before connecting pipes with valves, should seal the connecting position with seal rings according to standards ISO 2852
 - 2) Should use quick clamps connect and fix the pipes and valves
- d. Installation of Butt welding ball valves.
 - 1) Keep valves in open position. lengthen butt welding ends can be welded directly: do intermittent welding in four points of both butt welding ends.
 - 2) if the butt welding ends is not lengthen, dismount cap bolts, but keep one bolts whose nut should be loosen, and then the valve rotating freely.







- 3) Finish the welding of both sides of the cap.
 - 4) After cooling, clean body and caps
 - 5) Rotate the valve to the original position, insert bolts and screw down nuts lightly. During operation, it is very important to keep body and cap in a good parallel state to keep cap from distortion.
 - 6) Screw down all the bolts and make sure to follow the max. value of bolt screwing torque(refer to attached list)
 - 7) Do complete examination.
- e. After installation, should make sure that pipes can bear the pressure.

4. Operation and Use

- a. Flush the ball valve and pipeline thoroughly again before operation.
- b. The operation of the valve consists of turning the stem(by manual or automated means)1/4 turn(900)clockwise to close, and 1/4 turn counter-clockwise to open.
- c. When the handle (if used) and/or stem flats or groove are in line with the pipe, the valve is open.
- d. Operating torque requirements will vary depending on the length of time between cycles, media in the system, line pressure and type of valve seat. The figures in the following table C are based on PTFE seats with clean water as the media.

Table A: Torque of Stem

Size IN-LB N.M **DN6-DN10** 40 4.5 5 **DN15** 44 6 **DN20** 53 **DN25** 89 10 DN32 115 13 **DN40** 19 168 **DN50** 221 25 **DN65** 354 40 **DN80** 575 65 DN100 885 100

Table B: Lock Torque of Stem Nut

Size	IN-LB	N.M
DN6-DN10	70~80	8.0~9.0
DN15	70~80	8.0~9.0
DN20	90~100	9.0~11.3
DN25	90~100	9.0~11.3
DN32	140~160	15.8~18.1
DN40	140~160	15.8~18.1
DN50	180~200	20.4~22.6
DN65	180~200	20.4~22.6
DN80	180~200	20.4~22.6
DN100	250~270	28.3~30.6

5. Maintenance

Long life and maintenance-free of valves can be maintained under normal working conditions and in accordance with pressure/temperature and corrosion data chart.







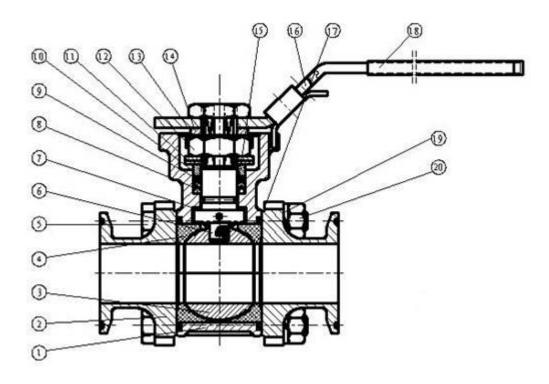
Warning:

- **★** Ball Valves can trap pressurized fluids in the Ball cavity when closed position.
- **★** Prior to maintenance, relieve the line pressure and put ball in open position.
- 1) Re-tighten packing
 - Should a leakage occur at the gland packing, retighten the stem (gland) nut (12).
 - Take care that the stem nut (13) are not tighten too much. Normally the leakage can be stopped by simply turning the stem nut (13) by 300 to 600.
- 2) Replacement of seats and seals.

Disassembly

- •Place the valve in half-open position and flush the line to remove any hazardous material from the valve body.
- Make sue ball valve (3) is in close position. Dismantle body-cap bolts, but keep one whose nut is loosen, the valve will rotate freely.
- Take out body gasket (17) and seat (4). Examine the ball carefully and any scratch, should exchange.
- When stem packing need exchange, please dismantle according the following order: handle nut, handle (16) or driving device, stop-lock-cap (13), stem nut (12), belleville washer(11), gland(10), bush (9), stem packing (8).
- Push stem (6) down into the body cavity and remove, then remove seal-ring (15), stem packing (9) from the body.

Caution: Take care to avoid scratching the surface of stem and packing chamber.



Reassembly

• Reassembly process is reverse sequence of disassembly.







- Clean and inspect all parts, full replacement of all soft parts (seats and seals) are strongly recommended.
- Tighten the body bolt (5) crosswise using the stipulated torque figure (see table C)
- Tighten the stem nut (12) using the table B stipulated torque figure.
- If possible, do pressure test before placing it back to line for service.

Table C: Lock Torque of Flange Connecting Bolts

MALT'S.	SS (B8)	
Size Unit	IN-LB	N. M
1/4-20UNC/M6	70	7.9
5/16-18UNC/M	100	11.3
3/8-16UNC	160	18.1
7/16-14UNC/M	280	31.7
1/2-13UNC/M1	400	45.3

MALT'S. Unit	SS (B8)	
Size	IN-LB	N.M
5/8-11UNC /	800	90.5
3/4-10UNC /	1400	158.4
7/8-9UNC / M22	2250	254.6
1-8UNC / M24	3250	367.7
1,1/8-8UNC	4000	452.6